

Code : 061505

(2)

B.Tech 5th Semester Exam., 2017

INFORMATION SECURITY

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 70

Instructions :

- (i) The marks are indicated in the right-hand margin.
- (ii) There are **NINE** questions in this paper.
- (iii) Attempt **FIVE** questions in all.
- (iv) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

1. Define the following terms (any seven) : $2 \times 7 = 14$

- (a) Codebook cipher
- (b) Inference control
- (c) Honey pots
- (d) Logic bomb
- (e) Brute-force attack
- (f) Trapdoor

- (g) Three-factor authentication
- (h) Cross-site scripting
- (i) Cookies
- (j) Code obfuscation

2. (a) What are the key principles of Information Security? Explain the attacks that can break integrity of a message. 3+4
- (b) Explain with suitable examples different substitution techniques which are used in traditional cryptography. 7

3. (a) Use a one-letter frequency attack to decipher the following message :

QNHOVEJHWOBVEVGWOCBWHNUGBLHGBGR

(Assume that it is enciphered using monoalphabetic substitution cipher)

Use encryption key (3 2 6 1 5 4) to produce the transposition cipher of the above message. 3+4

- (b) How does Vigenere cipher work? Give an example. 7
4. (a) Why are stream ciphers faster than block ciphers? Explain any one stream cipher algorithm. 2+5
- (b) Explain Diffie-Hellman key exchange algorithm with an example. 7

6. (a) What are the common issues that PKI deals and how? 7

(b) What information must a digital certificate contain? What additional information can a digital certificate contain? 4+3

6. (a) What is Access Control Matrix? Discuss two advantages of ACLs over capabilities. 3+4

(b) Briefly explain a multilevel security model which deals with confidentiality of information. 7

7. (a) Explain three software flaws that make software insecure. 7

(b) Explain different types of IDS used for information security. 7

8. (a) Explain authentication methods using symmetric key and public keys with
example. 7

(b) Consider the following mutual authentication protocol, where K_{AB} is a shared symmetric key :

(i) $A \rightarrow B : "I \text{ am Alice}", R$

(ii) $B \rightarrow A : E(R, K_{AB})$

(iii) $A \rightarrow B : E(R+1, K_{AB})$

Explain two different attacks that attacker can use to convince B that she is Alice. 7

6. (a) What is trusted computing base or TCB? What are the different implementation features of Next Generation Secure Computing Base? 2+5

(b) What security functions are used in modern operating systems? Explain it. 7
